

# Mapping of the SARS-CoV-2 epitope-specific T-cell response using dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> reagents

Schreibing, F. Hannani, M. *et al.* Dissecting CD8+ T-cell pathology of severe SARS-CoV-2 infection by single-cell epitope mapping. (2021) BioRxiv (doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.03.03.432690)

### BACKGROUND

In this study, the CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cell response in COVID-19 patients experiencing mild or severe disease was investigated using <u>dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup></u> reagents by bulk and Single-Cell Analysis.

#### STUDY DESCRIPTION

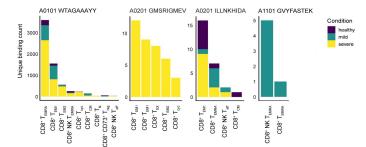
Patient-derived T cells were initially screened for <u>SARS-CoV-2</u>-specificity using a panel of 38 different <u>dCODE Dextramer® (HiT)</u> reagents, including 4 positive and 4 negative controls. From the initial screening, a panel of 15 <u>dCODE Dextramer® (10x compatible)</u> reagents plus the 8 controls were selected for subsequent Single-Cell Analysis of the patient samples.

#### RESULTS

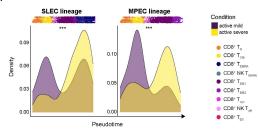
Screening of patient samples using dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (HiT) enabled identification of samples holding specifically enriched epitope-binding T-cell populations for subsequent Single-Cell Analysis with dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (10x compatible), (**Table 1**). By clustering epitope specificity based on dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (10x compatible) binding, researchers found unique recognition of four epitopes by T cells (**Fig. 1**) with the A\*0101 epitope WTAGAAAYY being the most prevalent. In patients with severe COVID-19, Single-Cell Analysis of T cells binding dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (10x compatible) reagents revealed hyperactivation, T-cell exhaustion, and lack of long-lived memory T-cell features (**Fig. 2**).

| HLA    | Peptide    | Target    |
|--------|------------|-----------|
| A*0101 | WTAGAAAYY  | S Protein |
| A*0101 | LTDEMIAQY  | S Protein |
| A*0201 | TLACFVLAAV | M Protein |
| A*0201 | GMSRIGMEV  | N Protein |
| A*0201 | TLACFVLAAV | M Protein |
| A*0201 | LLLDRLNQL  | N Protein |
| A*0201 | NLNESLIDL  | S Protein |
| A*0201 | ILLNKHIDA  | N Protein |
| A*0201 | FIAGLIAIV  | M Protein |
| A*0301 | TLKSFTVEK  | S Protein |
| A*0301 | QIYKTPPIK  | S Protein |
| A*1101 | LSYFIASFR  | M Protein |
| A*1101 | MTSCCSCLK  | S Protein |
| A*1101 | GYVFASTEK  | S Protein |
| A*1101 | TLKSFTVEK  | S Protein |

**Table 1** Top 15 immunogenic epitopesselected in the dCODE Dextramer® (HiT)screening for single-cell immuno-profiling ofpatient-specific CD8+ T cells.



**Fig. 1** The four uniquely recognized epitopes identified using dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (10x compatible) reagents are recognized by different T cell subsets.



**Fig. 2** Distribution of cell type frequency for active, mild, and severe COVID-19. SLEC = short-lived effector cells. MPEC = memory precursor effector cell.

## CONCLUSIONS

- Relevant SARS-CoV-2 epitopes were identified in the initial screening using a panel of dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (HiT). Single-Cell Analysis of T cells binding dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (10x compatible) reagents identified the CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cell epitope WTAGAAAYY.
- In patients with severe COVID-19, Single-Cell Analysis with dCODE Dextramer<sup>®</sup> (10x compatible) reagents revealed hyperactivation, T-cell exhaustion, and lack of long-lived memory T-cell characteristics.

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